



# **New High Capacity TOYOPEARL Resins for Separation of Monoclonal Antibody**

**Tosoh corporation**

**March/April 2014**



# TOPICS

- High capacity, alkaline-resistant Protein A resin
  - TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650F
- Salt-tolerant (mixed-mode) anion-exchanger
  - TOYOPEARL NH2-750F
- Salt-tolerant (mixed-mode) cation-exchanger
  - TOYOPEARL MX-Trp-650M
- No-salt/low-salt HIC application
  - TOYOPEARL Hexyl-650C, Phenyl-650M



# Issues in Mab Production

## ■ Mab biopharmaceuticals are too expensive!!!

- Not recommend to apply in some case.
- Health insurance rejected in UK (Avastin, Erbitax, -2009)  
(ex.; Abastin 400 mg/ \$2,000 per injection, total cost; \$30,000- 50,000)
- Cost reduction required for Mab product!!!

## ■ Improvement for reduction of production cost

### • Production process

- Higher titer and large scale fermentation
- Improvement in source; prokaryote, animal cell, transgenic animal/plant
- Chromatography step; high capacity, high selectivity, high throughput, single-use
- Non-chromatography step; selective precipitation

### • Mab molecule

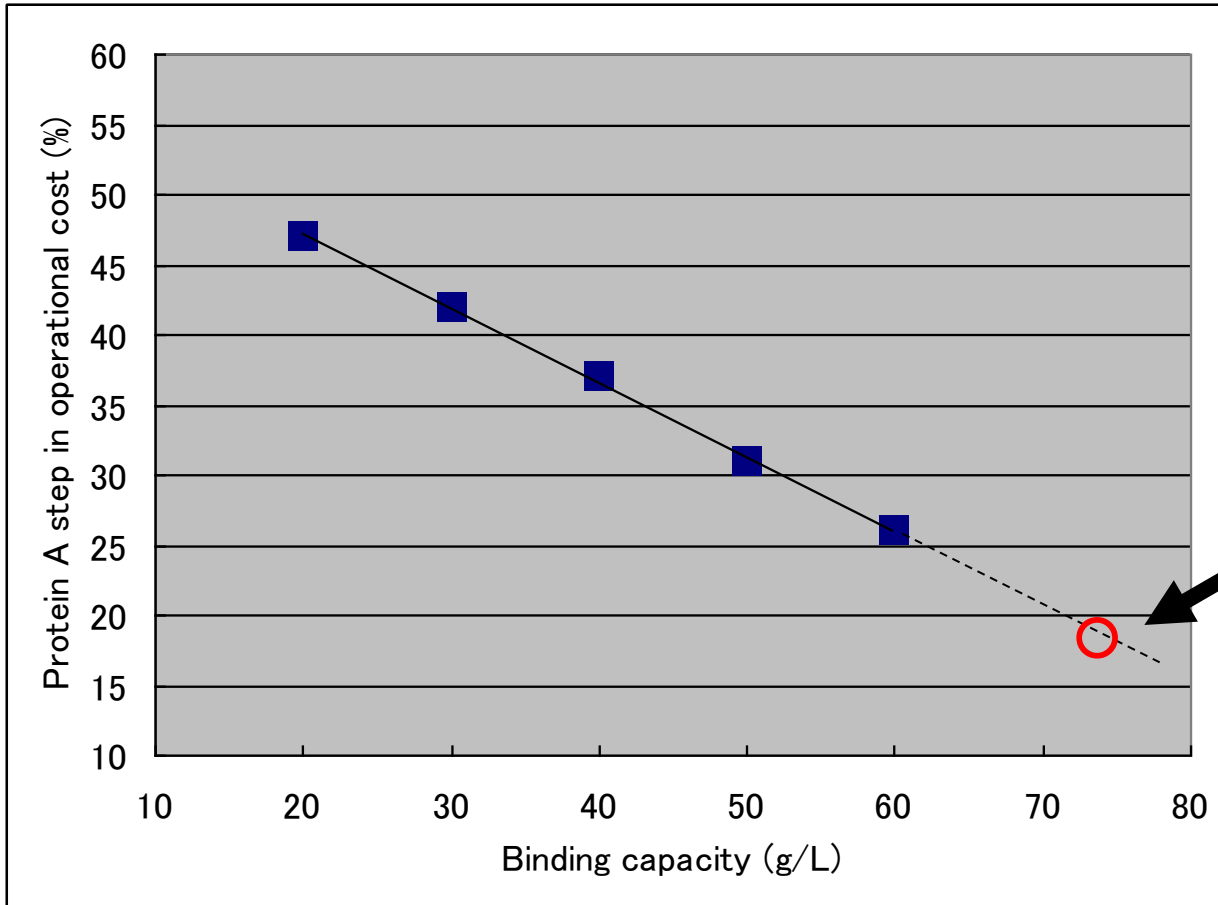
- Recycling Mab, sweeping Mab, bi-specific Mab, potelligent Mab
- Single body, fragment Mab, antibody-drug conjugate (ADC)
- DDS technology, PEGylation



# **New High Capacity, Alkaline-Resistant rProtein A Affinity Chromatography**



# Impact of Binding Capacity on Protein A Resin for Protein A Process Operational Cost

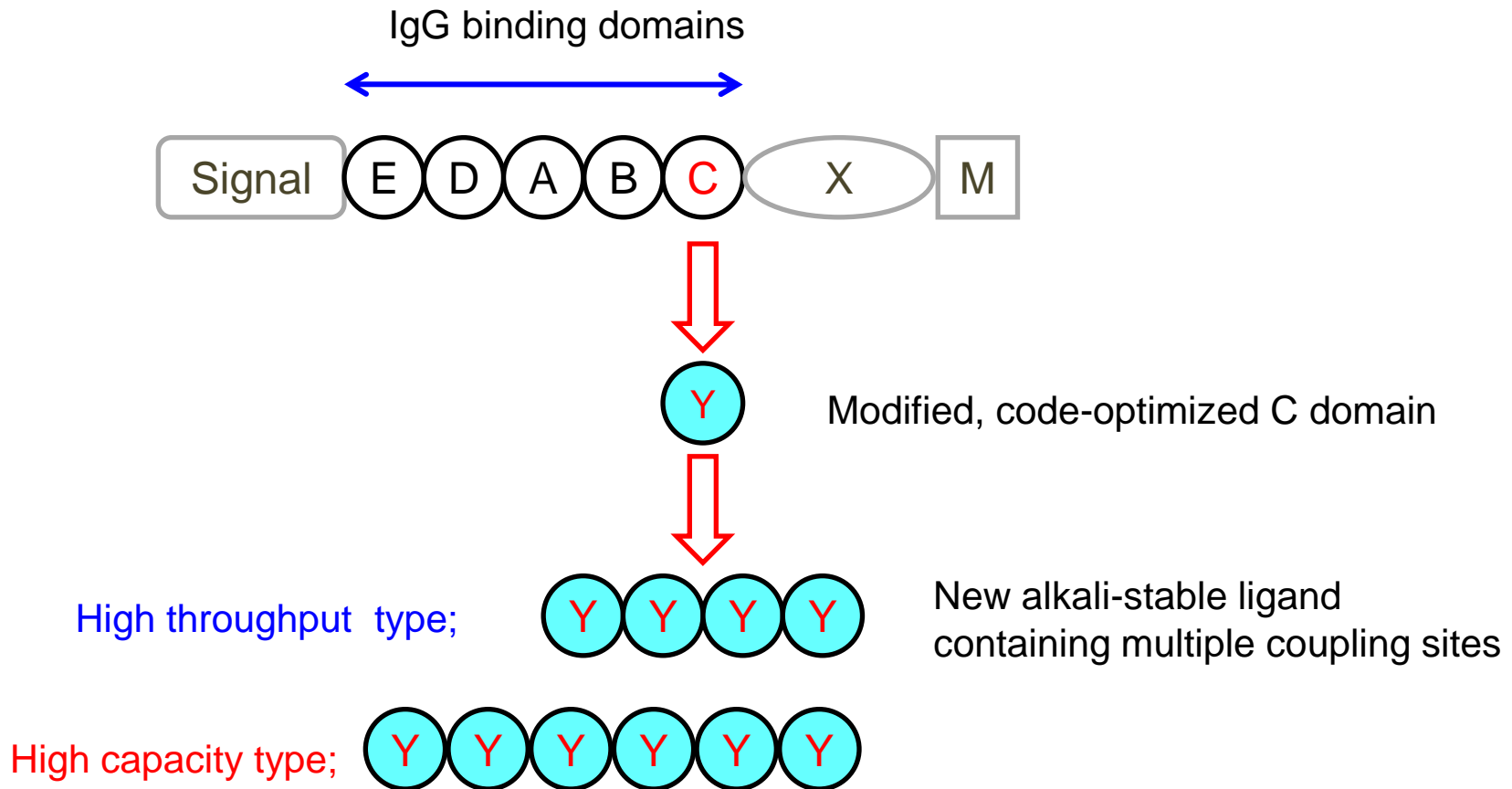


Predicted  
maximum/limit  
binding  
capacity on  
Protein A resin

Ref.; Prof. Dr.-Ing. Matthias Franzreb, Report "Effect of variations within Protein A chromatography step onto process economy of industrial Mab production" (2013), unpublished, partially modified



# Structure of rec Protein A Variants



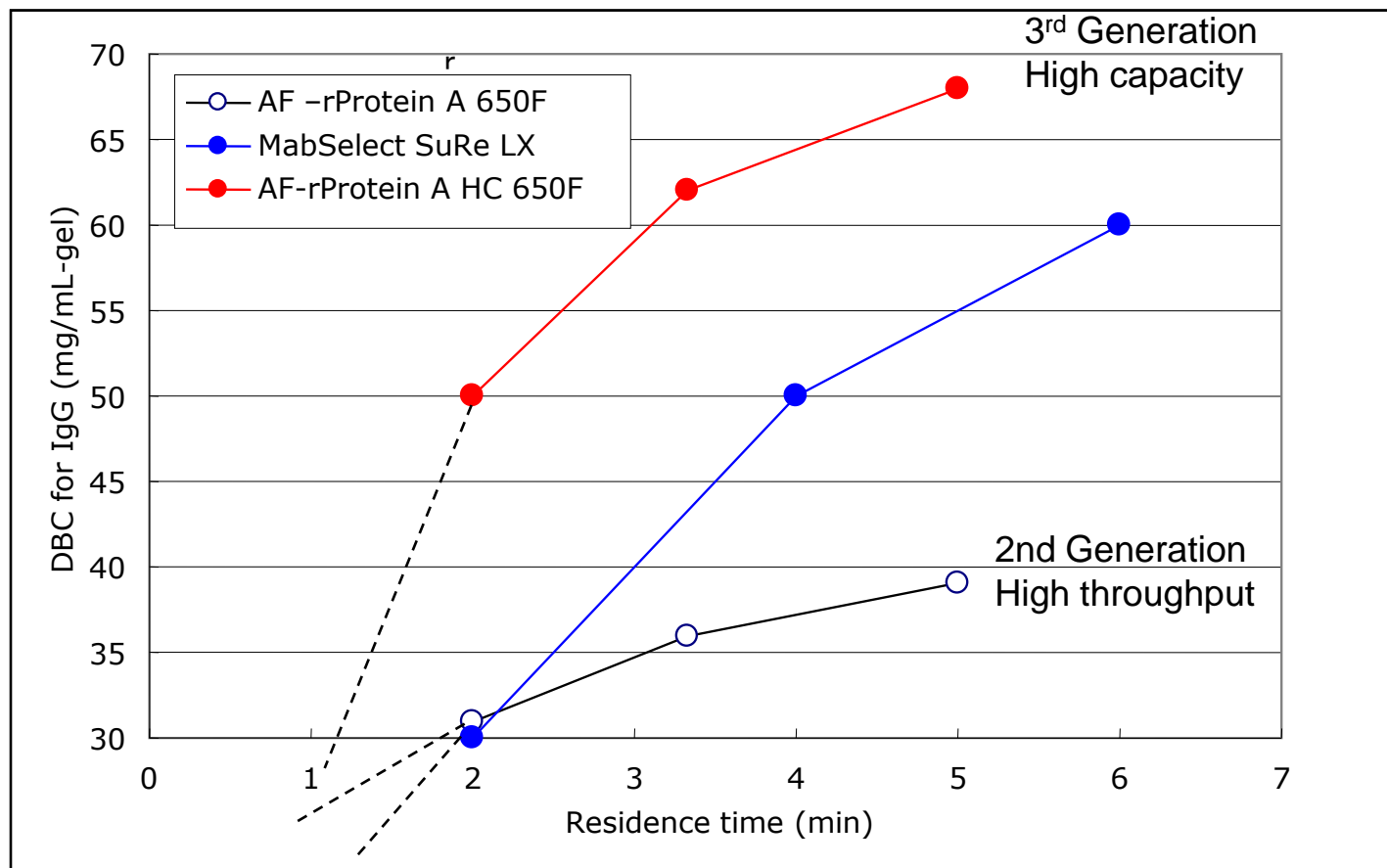
- Protein A binds to Fc region of IgG.
- Weak binding of Fab region observed as well as domain B-Protein A
- Toxicity; single dose intravenous administration of rat; LD50, > 150 mg/Kg



- TOSOH CORPORATION, BIOSCIENCE DIVISION**



# Comparison of DBC at Various Residence Time with TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650F

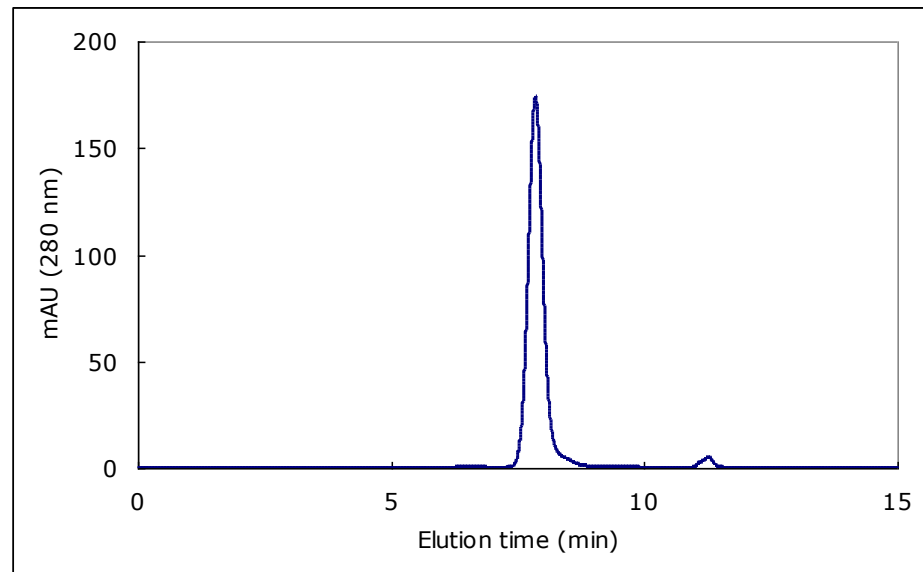
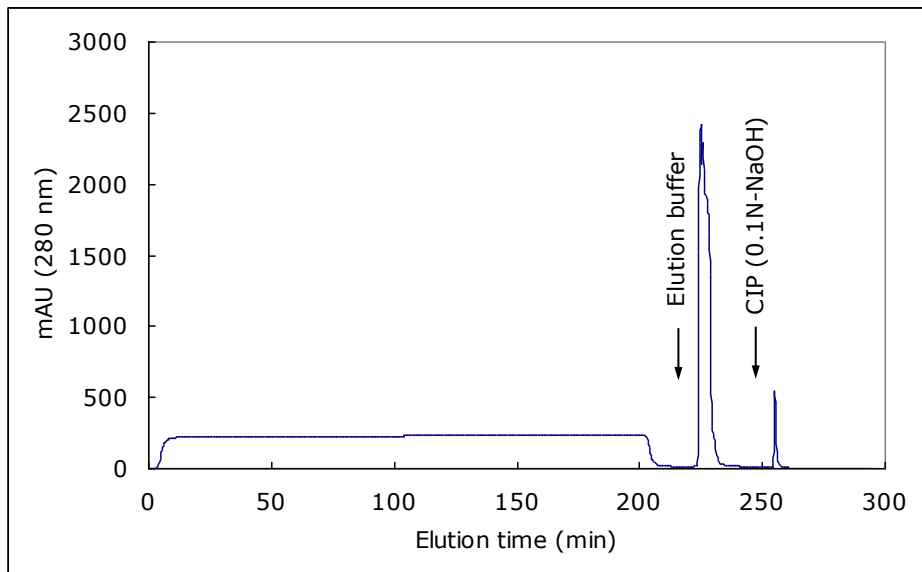


\* MabSelect SuRe LX: DBC from Brochure data





# Purification of Monoclonal Antibody from CHO Cell Culture on TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650F



Column; TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650F (5 mm I.D. x 5 cm)

Binding; 0.02 mol/L sodium phosphate buffer (pH 7.4) containing 0.15 mol/L NaCl

Elution; 0.1 mol/L citrate (pH 3.0)

Flow rate; 0.2 mL/min

Detection; UV (280 nm)

Sample; 40 mL feedstock from cell culture (humanized IgG1: 1 g/L)

Purity check by TSKgel G3000SWXL (right figure)



# TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650F/-650F

## Typical Chromatographic Conditions (1)

For regular binding antibody

■ Humanized Mab

### ● Binding and washing

- 0.02 mol/L sodium phosphate buffer (pH 7.2), 0.15 mol/L NaCl
- (When other impurities like green pigment is adsorbed, additional washing with stepwise buffer at pH above 4 may be effective.)
- (Additional pre-washing with 50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.0), 1 mol/L NaCl \*1)

### ● Elution

- 0.1 mol/L acetate or citrate (pH 3.7-3.0) or 0.1 mol/L glycine-HCl (pH 3.7-3.0)
- **Elution pH is 0.2 point lower than other commercial Protein A resin**

### ● Cleaning

- Acidic solution of pH 2.7-2.5
- 0.1 mol/L NaOH, To remove accumulated DNA/chromatin, 0.5 mol/L NaOH is effective\*1, while the cleaning conditions degrade Protein A resin.
- For hydrophobic impurities, 20-30% ethanol may be effective.
- \*1; Reference; P. Gagnon et al., J. Chromatogr., A, 1340 (2014)68-78



# TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650F/-650F

## Typical Chromatographic Conditions (2)

### Weak binding antibody

- Fab, IgM, Mouse IgG1

### ● Binding and washing

- Higher pH buffer without salt is recommended.
- 0.02 mol/L sodium phosphate buffer (pH 7.2), no salt
- 0.02 mol/L Tris-HCl (pH 8.4), no salt

### ● Elution

- Salt gradient from 0 to 0.5 mol/L NaCl in binding buffer
- 0.1 mol/L glycine-HCl (pH 3.7-3.0) or 0.1 mol/L acetate buffer (pH 3.7-3.0)

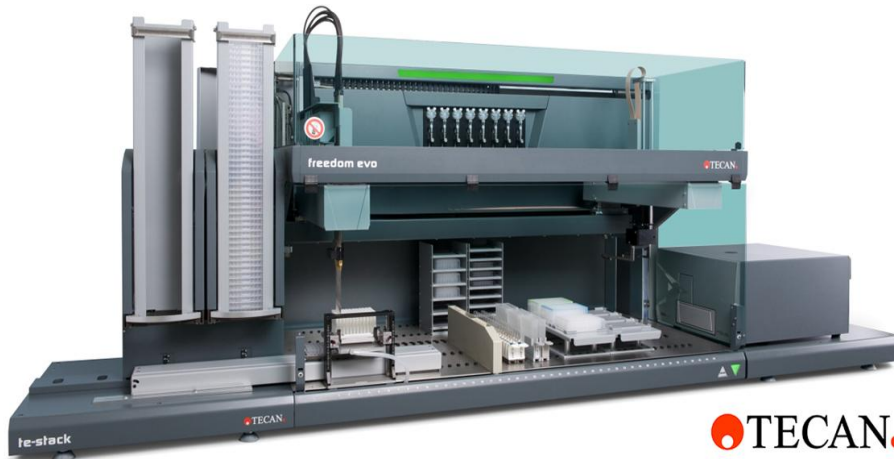
### ● Cleaning

- Acidic solution of pH 2.7-2.5
- 0.1 mol/L NaOH, To remove accumulated DNA/chromatin , 0.5 mol/L NaOH is effective<sup>\*1</sup>, while the cleaning conditions degradate Protein A resin.
- For hydrophobic impurities, 20-30% ethanol may be effective.
- <sup>\*1</sup>; Reference; P. Gagnon et al., J. Chromatogr., A, 1340 (2014)68-78

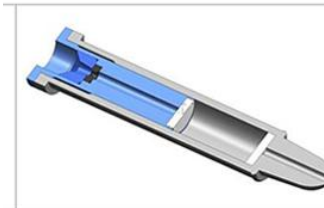


# Comparison of 3 different ProteinA resins and in a DoE approach using parallel chromatography

- Experimental set-up
  - Equipment; Robot, Freedom Evo (Tecan)/DoE; Design Experts Ver. 9.0
  - Column; MediaScout RoboColumn 5 mm I.D. x 1 cm (0.2 mL)
  - 3 rProtein A resins
    - MabSelect SuRe LX (GE Lifescience)
    - TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650F, AF-rProtein A-650F (Tosoh)
    - Binding: 100 mM phosphate (pH 6.5), Elution; 100 mM citrate or acetate at various pH
    - Flow rate; 30 cm/hr - 150 cm/hr (residence time; 0.4 – 2 min)

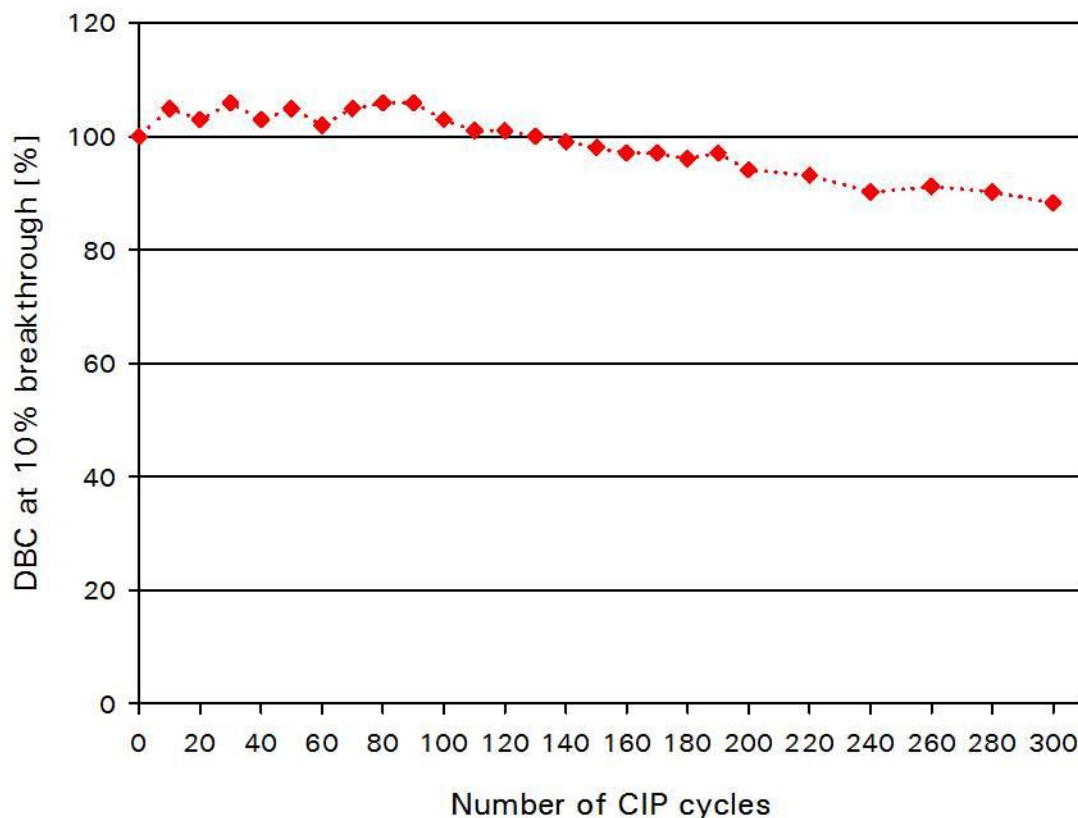


RoboColumn®





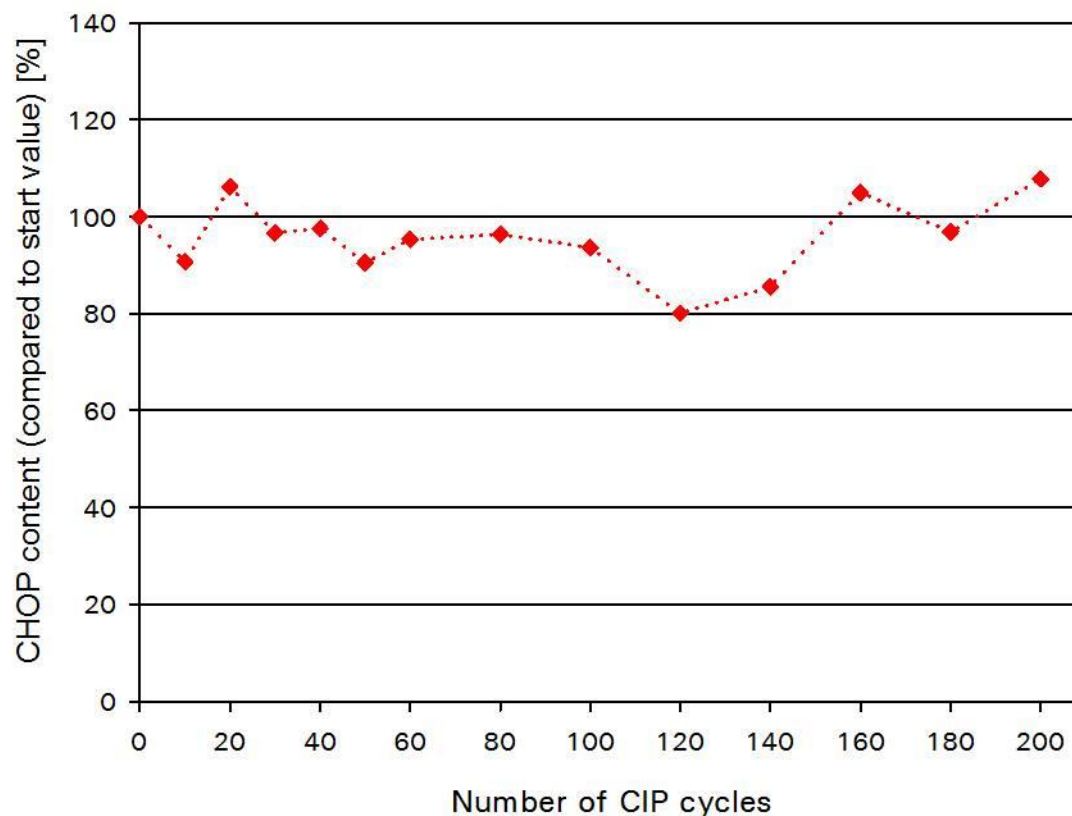
# CIP Study with 0.2 N NaOH on TOYOPEARL AF-rProteinA HC-650F



**Figure:** DBC at 10% breakthrough is stable over 300 CIP cycles using 0.2 M NaOH with 15 min contact time per cycle. The binding capacity begins to decline after 200 cycles. DBC is measured with monoclonal IgG (BImAb04) with a titer of 5 g/L and a residence time of 2 minutes and reaches values of 102 mg/mL (=100%)



# CIP Study of CHOP Removal on TOYOPEARL AF-rProteinA HC-650F



**Figure:** Purity is stable over 200 CIP cycles using 0.2 M NaOH with 15 min contact time per cycle.



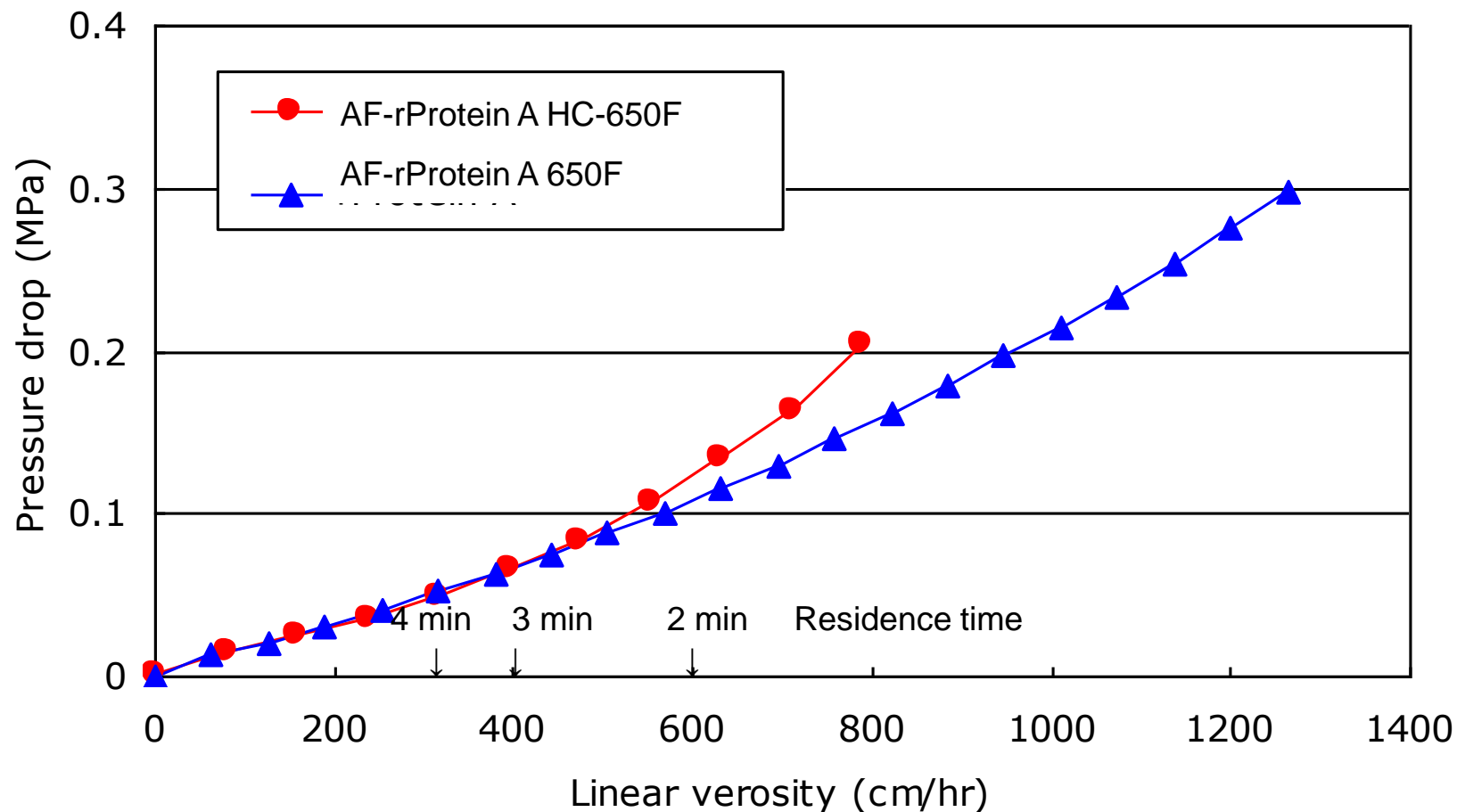
TOSOH

# Summary of DoE Evaluation

	<b>TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650F</b>	<b>MabSelect SuRe LX</b>
<b>Binding capacity (DBC)</b>	> 60 g/L, flow rate dependence. Higher DBC at residential time over 4 min.	> 50 g/L. flow rate dependence. Higher DBC at residential time over 4 min
<b>Recovery</b>	Almost quantitative. Stronger binding of IgG requires 0.2 point lower pH for elution.	Almost quantitative
<b>HCP removal</b>	Impurities reduction as 2.5 -3.5 log. High capacity Protein A may not be the best for removal of impurities.	Impurities reduction as 2.5 -3.5 log. High capacity Protein A may not be the best for removal of impurities.
<b>Aggregate removal</b>	Similar to regular protein A resin. Although elution pH is 0.2 point lower but no increase of aggregate during elution.	Similar to regular Protein A resin
<b>Alkaline resistance</b>	CIP 200-300 cycles with 0.1-0.2 N NaOH. After CIP 200 cycles, still the same purification efficiency due to stable protein A ligand.	200-300 cycles with 0.1-0.2 N NaOH
<b>Ligand leakage</b>	Relatively low, due to highly stable chemical immobilization and multi-point attachment of ligand to resin	Slightly higher leakage. Protein A ligand attached by one-site at C-terminal of Protein A ligand



# Resin Rigidity; Pressure/Flow Curve



Column size: 22 mm I.D. x 20 cm





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# Comparison of Protein A Resins

## Capacity/Price/Rigidity/Residence Time

- GE; MabSelect SuRe LX
- Novasep; AbSolute High Cap
- Merk; Eshmuno A, ProSep UltraPlus
- Thermo/Life Technologies; POROS Protein A
- Kaneka; KanCap Pro A, JSR; Amsphere Protein A

Product name	Supplier	Base matrix	Particle size (micron)	Binding capacity (g/L)*			Chemical stability	List price	Comment
				SBC	DBC (2 min)	DBC (5 min)		(\$/L)**	
TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650M	Tosoh	Polymer	45	>68	50	70	NaOH durable	13,500 (tentative)	rProtein A; C-domains, Multipoint attachment
TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A 650M	Tosoh	Polymer	45	>45	30	40	NaOH durable	12,000	rProtein A; 4 C-domains, Multipoint attachment, high flow type
MabSelect SuRe LX	GE	Agarose	85	ND	30	58	NaOH durable	21,300	rProtein A; 4 B-domains. Single point attachment
MabSelect SuRe	GE	Agarose	85	ND	30	40	NaOH durable	17,500	rProtein A; 4 B-domains, Single point attachment
AbSolute	NovaSep	Silica glass	44	70	40	45	pH 1.5 – 9.0	18,000	High flow type, Bed height max 40 cm, 1 % benzyl alcohol/acetate buffer, < 10 CFU/mL
AbSolute High Cap	NovaSep	Silica glass	35	90	65	70	pH 1.5 – 9.0	> 18,000?	High capacity type;
Eshmuno A	Merck	Polymer	50	ND	37	45	NaOH durable	?	High purity even after CIP
ProSep UltraPlus	Merck	Porous Glass	60	> 67	45	50	pH 1.5 – 8.5	15,000	rProtein A; natural type. Multipoint attachment. High flow type. Bed height max
KanCapPro A	Kaneka	Cellulose	75	ND	30	50	NaOH durable	?	rProtein A; 5 C-domains, announced to expand production scale in 2013
Amsphere Protein A JWT203	JSR	Polymer	50	ND	33	43	NaOH durable	?	Hydrophobic properites?

\* Catalogue data

\*\* Estimated price



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# Product Lines;

## Bulk Resin and Screening Columns

P/N	Product name	Volume size
0023425	TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650F	10 mL
0023426	TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650F	25 mL
0023427	TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650F	100 mL
0023428	TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650F	1 L
0023429	TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650F	5 L
0023434	TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650F	50 L
0023430	ToyoScreen AF-rProtein A HC-650F	1 mL x 5
0023431	ToyoScreen AF-rProtein A HC-650F	5 mL x 1
0023432	ToyoScreen AF-rProtein A HC-650F	5 mL x 5
0021400	ToyoScreen Holder	
0020028	T-F Union (M6 10-32)	Connector for FPLC system
0023433	ELISA for Protein A-R40	ELISA kit for TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650F



# Conclusion;

## New High Capacity, Alkaline-Resistant, 3<sup>rd</sup> Generation, TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650M

- Higher capacity among Protein A resins
  - 70 g/L IgG capacity at 5 min residence time
  - 50 g/L IgG capacity at 2 min residence time
- Advantage of new Protein A resin
  - Higher capacity; big impact to reduce production cost
  - Alkaline resistance; stable for 200 CIP cycles
  - Resin rigidity; applicable to large scale column
  - Less leakage of Protein A ligand
- Selection of Protein A resins
  - TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650F for ordinary process with higher capacity (residence time at 4-6 min)
  - TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A 650F for high-throughput, high flow rate process (residence time less than 3 min)

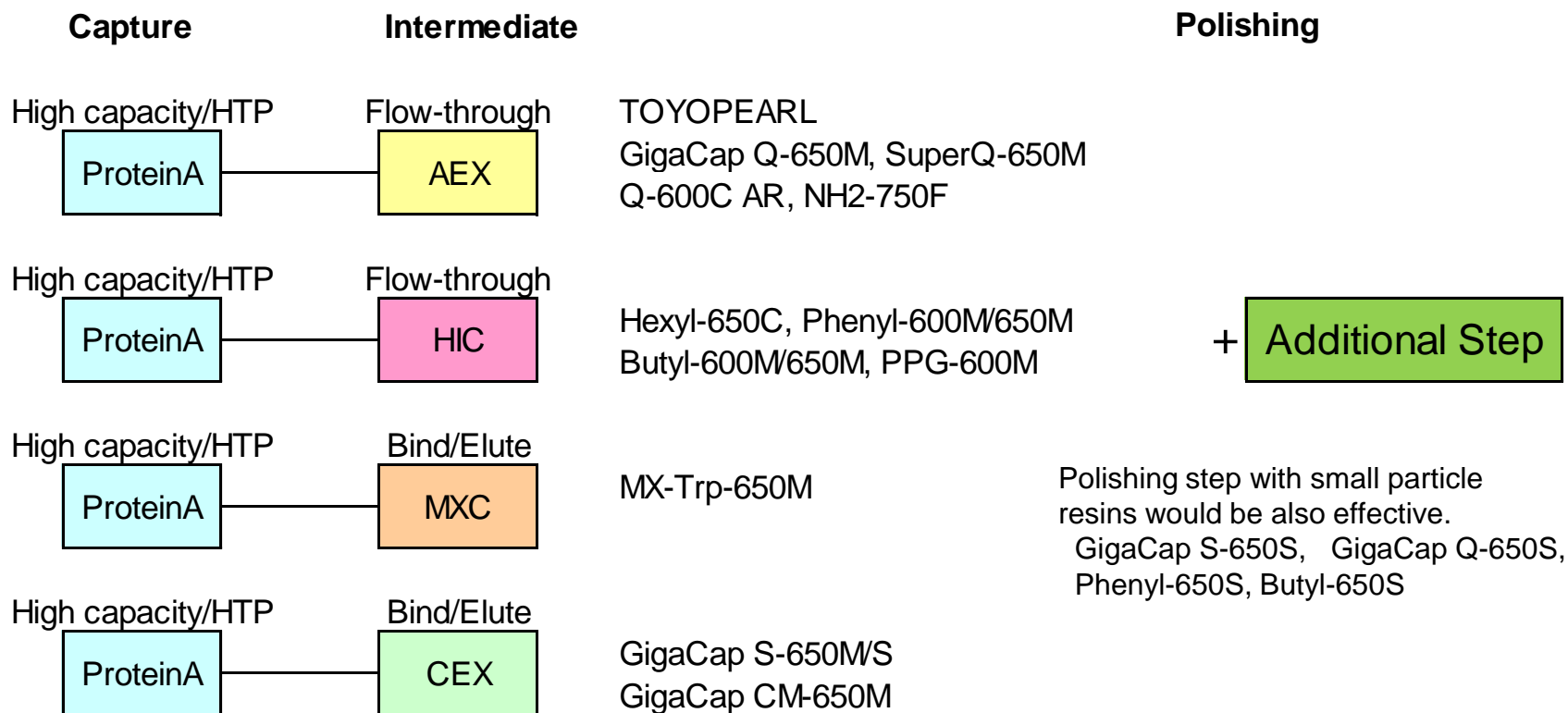


# Post-Protein A Process Separation

- Flow through anion-exchange chromatography
  - TOYOPEARL GigaCap Q-650S/M, SuperQ-650M, Q-600C AR
- Salt-tolerant anion-exchange chromatography
  - TOYOPEARL Q-600C AR
  - TOYOPEARL NH2-750F (New, June 2014)
- High capacity cation-exchange chromatography
  - TOYOPEARL GigaCap S-650S/M, GigaCap CM-650M
- Salt-tolerant cation-exchange chromatography
  - TOYOPEARL GigaCap CM-650M
  - TOYOPEARL Sulfate-650M (2H, 2014)
- Mixed-mode, salt-tolerant chromatography
  - TOYOPEARL MX-Trp-650M
- “No-salt” hydrophobic interaction chromatography
  - TOYOPEARL Hexyl-650C, Phenyl-650M
  - (TOYOPEARL Phenyl-600M, Butyl-600M, PPG-600M, Butyl-650M)



# Purification Process for Mab with Protein A (Protein A and the following process)



\* Non-Protein A process would be also effective with CEX, AEC, MXC and HIC due to reduction of production cost.



# TOYOPEARL® High-Capacity Resins

## (Ion-Exchange and Mixed-Mode Chromatography)

Ion-exchanger/Mixed-mode	Type	Pore size	Particle size (micron)	Specific application
TOYOPEARL GigaCap Q-650M, <b>Q-650S</b>	AEX	medium	75, 35	IgG, protein, saccharide
TOYOPEARL GigaCap <b>DEAE-650M</b>	AEX	medium	75	Insulin, Factor VIII
TOYOPEARL SuperQ-650S, M, C	AEX	medium	30, 60, 100	protein, peptide
TOYOPEARL Q-600C AR	AEX	medium	75	Aggregate, Alkaine stable
TOYOPEARL NH2-750F	AEX	medium	45	Aggregate, salt tolerant
TOYOPEARL Q-750M (R&D)	AEX	large	60	IgM
TOYOPEARL DEAE-650S, M, C	AEX	large	30, 60, 100	Factor VIII
TSKgel SuperQ-5PW(20), (30)	AEX	medium	20, 30	OligoDNA
TSKgel DEAE-5PW(20), (30)	AEX	large	20, 30	protein, peptide
TOYOPEARL GigaCap S-650M, <b>S-650S</b>	CEX	medium	75, 35	IgG
TOYOPEARL GigaCap CM-650M	CEX	medium	75	IgG, insulin, salt-tolerant
TOYOPEARL Sulfate-650M (R&D)	CEX	medium	60	Aggregate, salt tolerant
TOYOPEARL SP-650S, M, C	CEX	large	30, 60, 100	protein, peptide
TOYOPEARL CM-650S, M, C	CEX	large	30, 60, 100	Antibiotics, peptide
TOYOPEARL SP-550C	CEX	small	100	Small protein, peptide
TOYOPEARL MegaCap II SP-550EC	CEX	small	200	Insulin, small protein
TSKgel SP-3PW(30)	CEX	small	30	Insulin, small protein
TSKgel SP-5PW(20), (30)	CEX	large	20, 30	protein, peptide
TOYOPEARL MX-Trp-650M	Mixed	medium	60	IgG, salt-tolerant



# TOYOPEARL® High-Capacity Resins (HIC and Affinity Chromatography)

Hydrophobic interaction chromatography	Type	Pore size	Particle size	Specific application
			(micron)	
<b>TOYOPEARL PPG-600M</b>	HIC	medium	60	IgG, hydrophobic protein
<b>TOYOPEARL Butyl-600M</b>	HIC	medium	60	IgG
<b>TOYOPEARL Phenyl-600M</b>	HIC	medium	60	IgG
<b>TOYOPEARL Phenyl-650S, M, C</b>	HIC	large	30, 60, 100	
<b>TOYOPEARL Phenyl-750M (R&amp;D)</b>	HIC	large		IgM
<b>TOYOPEARL Butyl-650S, M, C</b>	HIC	large	30, 60, 100	
<b>TOYOPEARL SuperButyl-550C</b>	HIC	small	100	Small protein
<b>TOYOPEARL Ether-650S, M</b>	HIC	large	30, 60	IgM, hydrophobic protein
<b>TOYOPEARL Hexyl-650C</b>	HIC	large	100	Hydrophilic protein, plasmid
<b>TSKgel Phenyl-5PW(20), (30)</b>	HIC	large	20, 30	
<b>TSKgel Ether-5PW(20), (30)</b>	HIC	large	20, 30	Hydrophobic protein

Affinity chromatography	Type	Pore size	Particle size	Typical application
			(micron)	
<b>TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A-650F</b>	AFC	large	45	IgG, IgM
<b>TOYOPEARL AF-Heparin HC-650M</b>	AFC	large	60	Coagulation factor
<b>TOYOPEARL AF-Blue HC-650M</b>	AFC	large	60	Nucleotide dependent protein
<b>TOYOPEARL AF-Red-650M</b>	AFC	large	60	Nucleotide dependent protein
<b>TOYOPEARL AF-Chelate-650M</b>	AFC	large	60	His-tag protein
<b>TOYOPEARL AF-Epoxy-650M</b>	AFC	large	60	Activated resin
<b>TOYOPEARL AF-Tresyl-650M</b>	AFC	large	60	Activated resin
<b>TOYOPEARL AF-Formyl-650M</b>	AFC	large	60	Activated resin
<b>TOYOPEARL AF-Amino-650M</b>	AFC	large	60	Activated resin
<b>TOYOPEARL AF-Carboxy-650M</b>	AFC	large	60	Activated resin

For AFC, high capacity was achieved by optimization of pore size, modification, spacer arms, ligand density and particle size.



# Screening of Anion-exchangers after Protein A Affinity Chromatography (Flow-through mode)

Resin	Yield (%)	HMW % removal	LMW % removal	CHO % removal	ProA % removal
Capto Q	97.4	26%	NSR *	86%	34%
TOYOPEARL <sup>®</sup> GigaCap Q-650M	98.2	33%	NSR *	86%	40%
Poros Q	97.1	31%	NSR *	79%	22%
Fractogel TMAE	95.2	31%	NSR *	78%	3%
Fractogel TMAE Hicap	100.0	35%	NSR *	85%	32%
UNO-Sphere Q	97.0	37%	NSR *	88%	30%

\* NSR; No significant reduction detected

Conditions; Column: 1 cm I.D. x 10 cm (7.85 mL)

Sample was charged at 125 g/L resin with buffer at pH 8.5,  
and conductivity of 3 mS/cm.

Reference; The poster by J. Tetrault et al., Waterside Conference, US (2008)

Better results on Toyopearl Q-600C AR as flow through mode.





# Comparison of HIC and HCIC (Mixed-Mode) for Whole Mab Purification Steps

	ProA-HIC-AEX	ProA-HCIC-AEX
Process parameters	Mab protein specific	More general for Mab
Process development efforts	Complex	Simple
Sample manipulation	Significant	Minor
Overall process yields (%)	50-60	50-60
HMW % by SEC HPLC	1.00	1.73
LMW % by SEC HPLC	Not detected by HPLC	0.49
CHO HCP level (ppm)	0.74	2.65
Leached Protein A level (ppm)	1.70	2.23

Ref.; J. Chen et al., J. Chromatogr. A, 1177(2008) 272-281



# Specification of TOYOPEARL NH<sub>2</sub>-750F

Items	Result
Product name	TOYOPEARL NH <sub>2</sub> -750F
Ligand	Primary amine (polyamine)
Ion-exchange group (meq./L)	0.07 – 0.13
Particle size distribution (um)	30 – 60
Static binding capacity (IgG, g/L)	$\geq 70$
Bacterial counts (CFU/mL)	$\leq 100$
Endotoxin (EU/mL)	$\leq 10$
Foreign substances	$\leq 6$
Eluable matter	$\leq 0.2 \%$

\* Estimate pore size of the resin may be 100 – 150 nm.



# Expected Application of New Salt-tolerant TOYOPEARL NH2-750F

## ■ Salt-tolerant separation (Mab, others)

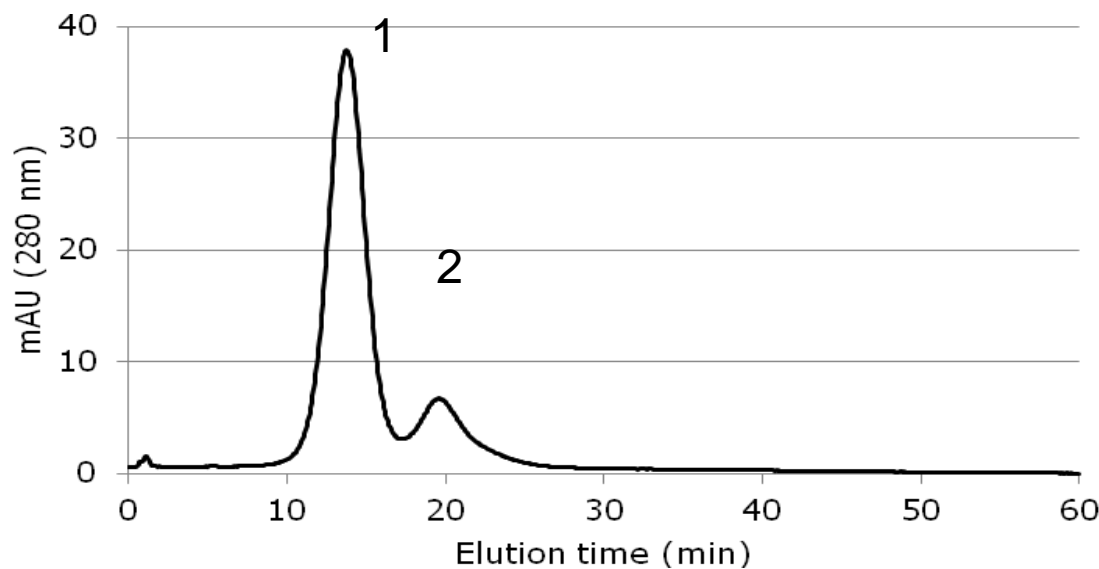
- Binding of proteins **even at above 0.15 mol/L NaCl in buffer**
- Capture of feedstock sample without dilution of salt
- **Aggregate removal** by flowthrough or gradient mode
- **Large pore** resin for IgG and high molecular weight samples
- Protein may be **bound even at pH below pI in eluent**

## ■ Chromatographic conditions

- Binding buffer pH lower than pI of target protein
- Presence of salt in buffer may enhance binding capacity.
- Higher pH in binding buffer, the higher conc. of salt for binding up to max. 0.3 mol/L NaCl in buffer
- Different binding and selectivity from ordinary anion-exchanger



# Separation of Aggregates from Monoclonal Antibody (IgG1) on TOYOPEARL NH<sub>2</sub>-750F



## Chromatographic conditions

Column; TOYOPEARL Aminated-750F (5 mm I.D. X 5 cm)

Elution; A 60-min linear gradient from 0 to 1 mol/L NaCl in 20 mmol/L Tris-HCl (pH 8.0)

Flow-rate; 1.0 mL/min, sample; Detection; UV (280 nm)

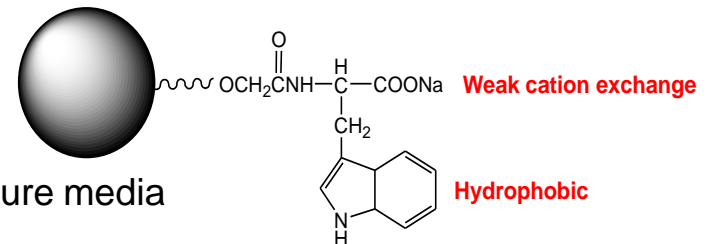
Sample; Mab (IgG1, 0.5 mg)

**\* Effective flow-through mode application was also confirmed by a customer.**



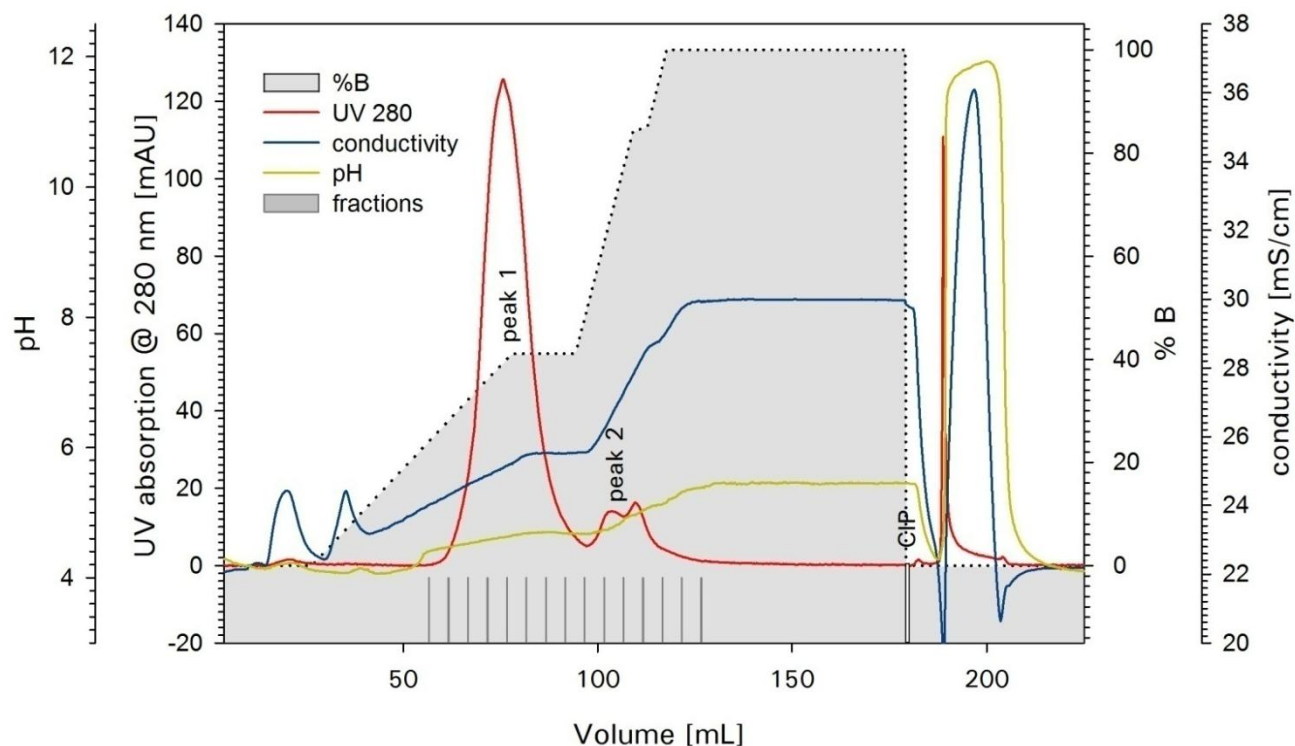
# Expected Application of Mixed-Mode, TOYOPEARL MX-Trp-650M

- High capacity (> 75 g/L IgG) and high selectivity
- Both ionic and hydrophobic resin features
  - Ligand; tryptophan (cationic/HIC type); carboxyl/imidazole
    - Ref.; anionic/HIC type; GE CaptAdhere, Pall MEP HyperCell
- **Salt tolerant**
  - Adsorbs proteins even at high salt up to 0.2 mol/L NaCl
  - Adsorbs protein at lower salt concentration than HIC
  - Most proteins are adsorbed and separated.
- **Different selectivity**
- **Similar effect to Protein L chromatography**
- **Target molecules**
  - **Aggregate removal, Fab fragments, scFV**
  - Antibody and other recombinant proteins from cell culture media
  - Neutral and basic pI proteins
  - Required optimization of adsorption and elution conditions





# Aggregated MAb – Bind-and-Elute Mode on Toyopearl MX-Trp-650M (optimized)



## Salt & pH gradient

Loading: 0.1 M acetate + 0.2 M NaCl, pH 4.3

Elution: 0.1 M acetate + 0.4 M NaCl, pH 5.6

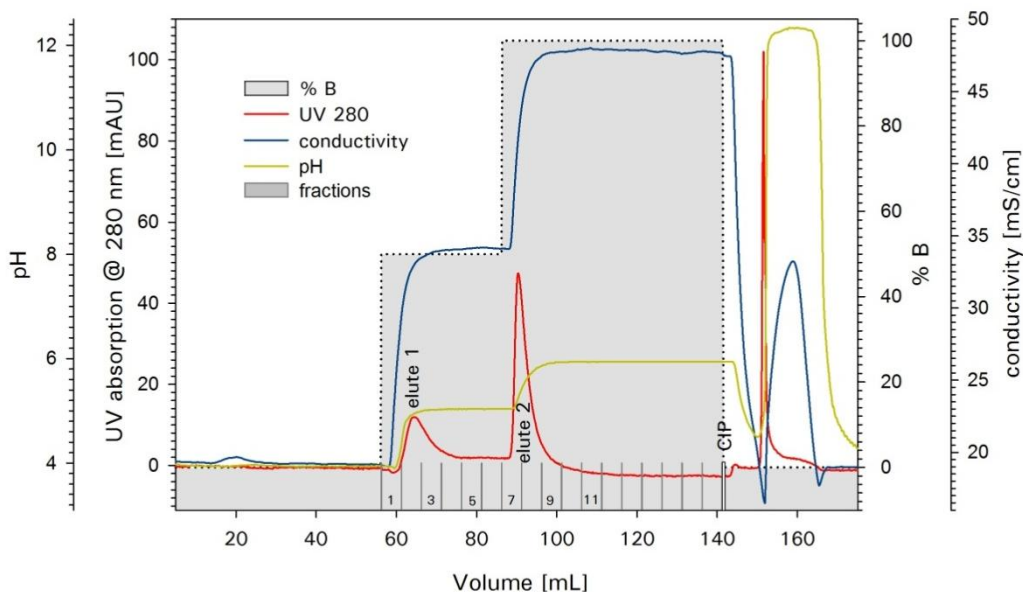
Flow rate; 150 cm/h

Sample; 10 mg antibody per ml resin were loaded, 5ml-samples were fractionated

A step gradient can be applied. (aggregate content ~ 17 %)



# scFv Polishing with MX-Trp-650M; Gradient Optimization

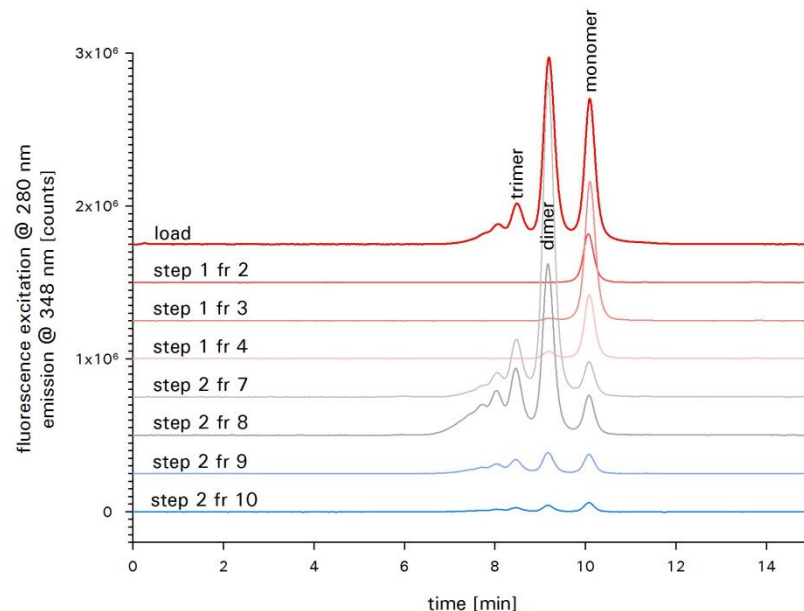


Sample: 10 µg scFv

A: 0.1 M acetate + 0.2 M NaCl, pH 3.5

B: 0.1 M acetate + 0.5 M NaCl, pH 5.6

Gradient: 45 CV 45 % B, 75 CV 100 % B



Sample: fractions from Trp run

Column: TSKgel G3000SWXL

Liquid Phase: 0.1 M sodium phosphate + 0.1 M sodium sulfate, pH 6.7



# Purification of scFv on Mixed-Mode Resin and Protein L Affinity Resins

	<b>Protein L</b>	<b>MX-Trp-650M linear gradient</b>	<b>MX-Trp-650M step gradient</b>
Aggregate content [%]	15	3	3
Aggregate removal factor	4	22	22
Monomer yield [%]	62	79	93
Linear velocity	150 cm/h	150 cm/h	150 cm/h
DBC	20 mg/ml at 50 cm/h	50 mg/ml	50 mg/ml





# Flow-Through HIC Separation

REPORT

mAbs 5:5, 795–800; September/October 2013; © 2013 Landes Bioscience

## Purification of monoclonal antibodies by hydrophobic interaction chromatography under no-salt conditions

Sanchayita Ghose,<sup>1,\*</sup> Yinying Tao,<sup>1</sup> Lynn Conley<sup>1</sup> and Douglas Cecchini<sup>2</sup>

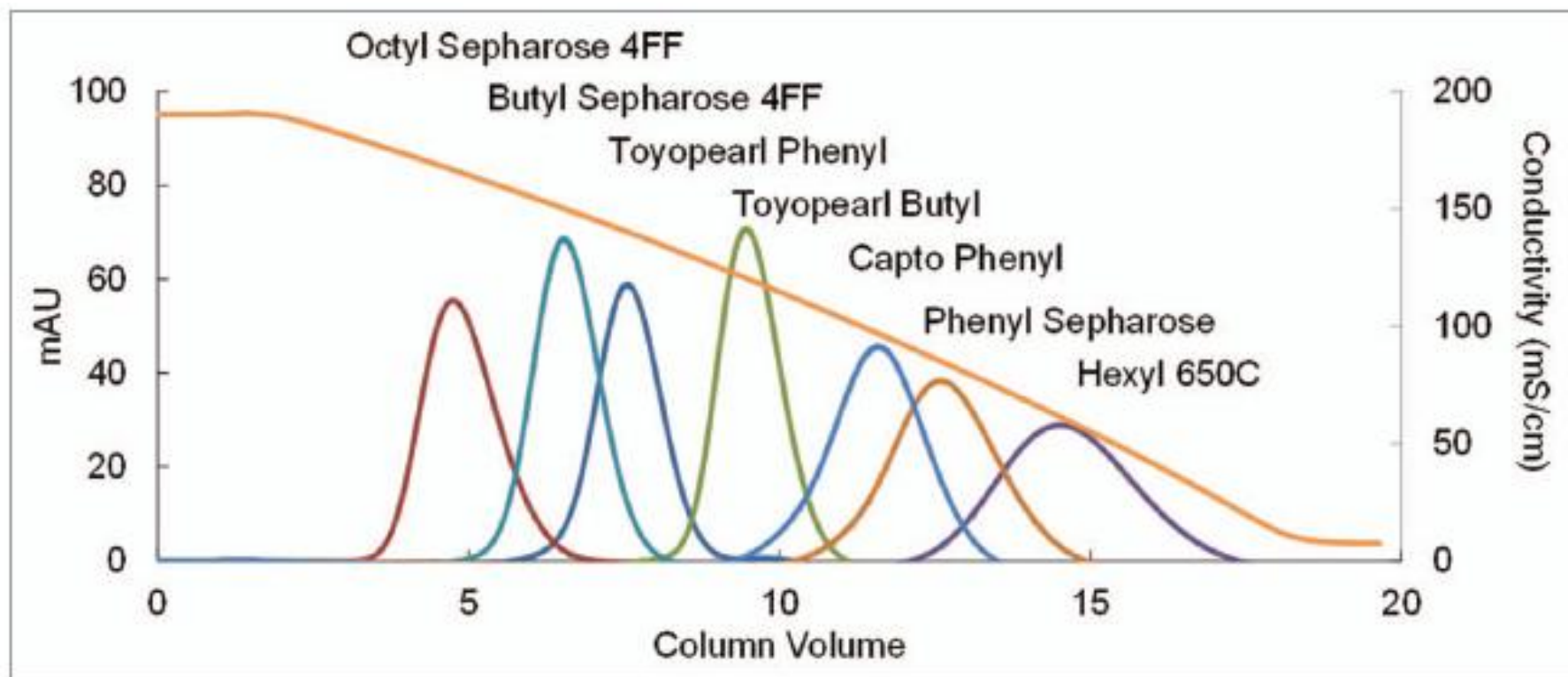
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**Keywords:** HIC, flowthrough, monoclonal antibodies, no salt, aggregates

To overcome cumbersome, high salt concentration buffer on HIC, no salt or low salt HIC separation was evaluated with TOYOPEARL Hexyl-650C and Phenyl-650M.



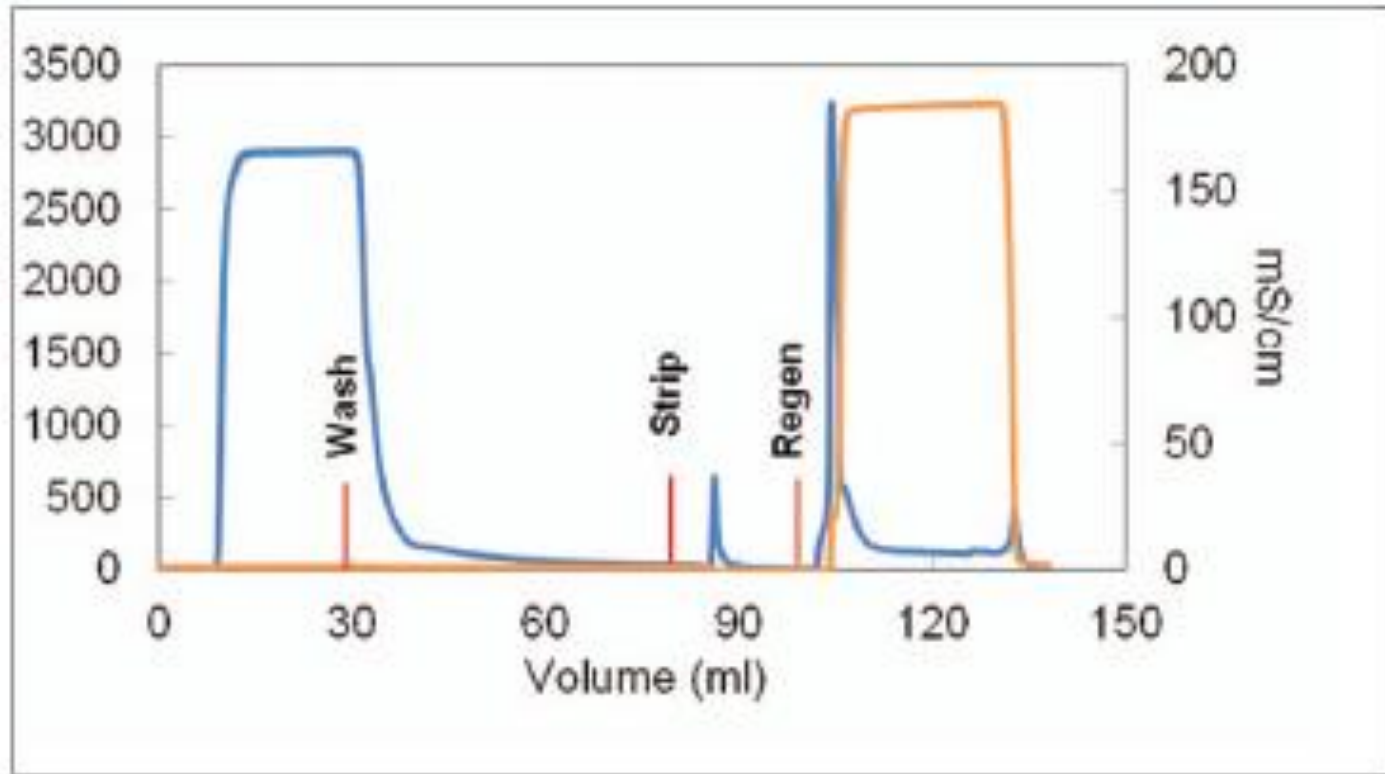
# Linear Gradient Separation of Lysozyme on 7 Commercially Available HIC Resins



Ref. S. Ghose et al., mAbs, 5:5, 795-800, September/October, 2013



# No-Salt HIC Flow-Through Step



Ref. S. Ghose et al., mAbs, 5:5, 795-800, September/October, 2013



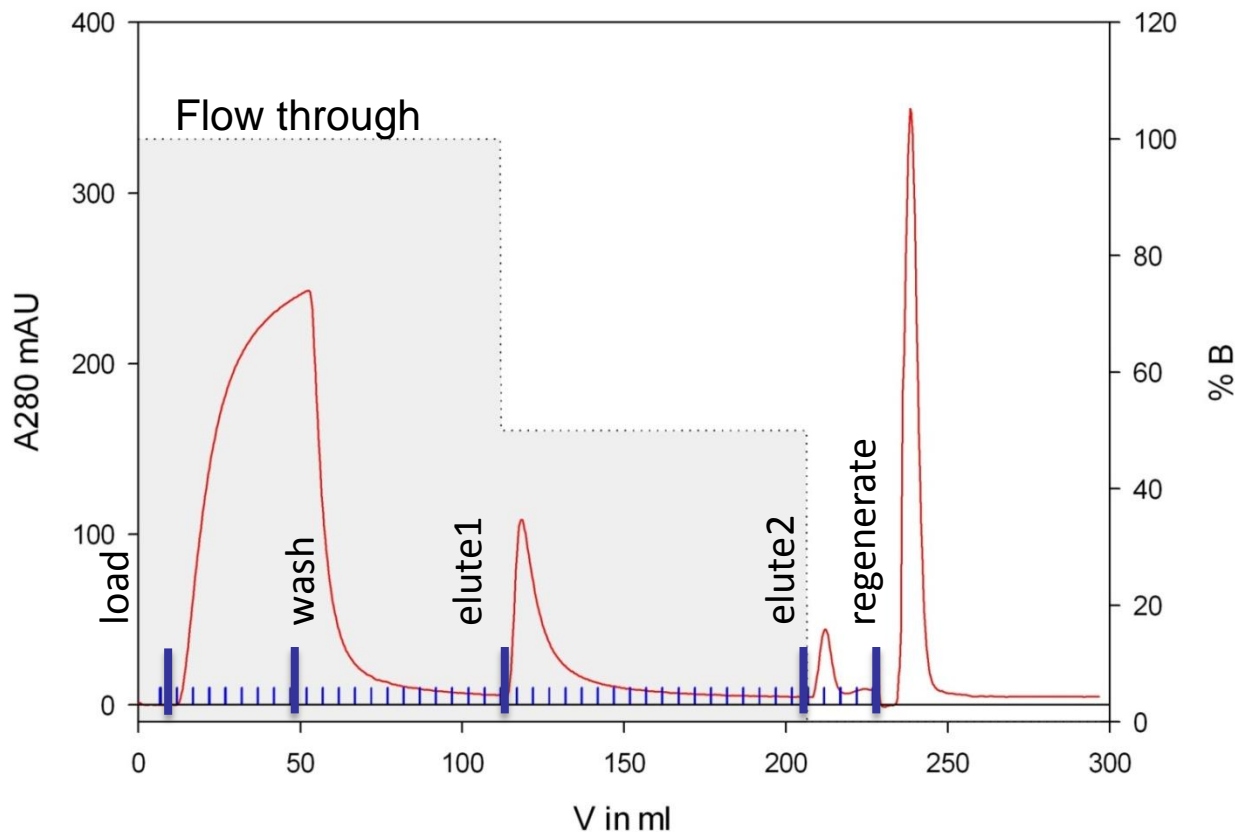
# Process Performance on Flow-Through HIC Step on TOYOPEARL Hexyl-650C

Mab	Protein A fraction loading (g/L)	Mobile phase composition for flow-through	Mobile phase conductivity (ms/cm)	Recovery (%)	Impurity HMW (%)	HCP (ppm)
A	35	Original sample	-	100	0.80	10.0
		10 mM sodium citrate (pH 5.5)	2.6	86	0.21	3.8
B	65	Original sample	-	100	0.70	25.0
		5 mM sodium citrate (pH 6.0)	1.3	88	0.13	4.7
C	70	Original sample	-	100	2.50	100.0
		10 mM sodium citrate (pH 5.5)	2.6	88	0.34	10.0
D	55	Original sample	-	100	2.20	10.0
		10 mM sodium citrate (pH 6.0)	2.6	90	0.37	< 1.4

Ref. S. Ghose et al., mAbs, 5:5, 795-800, September/October, 2013, modified

Recovery and purity for Mabs depend on properties of Mab molecules.

# Flow Through HIC Chromatography with Dual Salts Eluent



Column; TOYOPEARL Phenyl-650M

Flow rate; 450 cm/h loading velocity

Buffer A; 1 M NaCl + 200mM citrate in 20 mM phosphate buffer (pH 7)(Buffer B)

Sample; IgG1, 10 mg/mL gel



# Conclusion

- High capacity alkaline-durable Protein A resin
  - TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A HC-650F for high capacity
  - TOYOPEARL AF-rProtein A-650F for high throughput
- Post-Protein A chromatography on AIEC, CIEC, HIC and MMC.
  - TOYOPEARL NH2-750F for salt tolerant, aggregate removal
  - TOYOPEARL Hexyl-650C for no (low) salt flow-through
  - TOYOPEARL MX-Trp-650M for salt tolerant, aggregate removal
  - TOYOPEARL GigaCap S-650S for higher resolution with 35 um
- Non-Protein A process
  - Capture step on TOYOPEARL GigaCap S-650M
  - Mab and single body purification by TOYOPEARL MX-Trp-650M, which may replace Protein L affinity chromatography



Thank you for your attention.